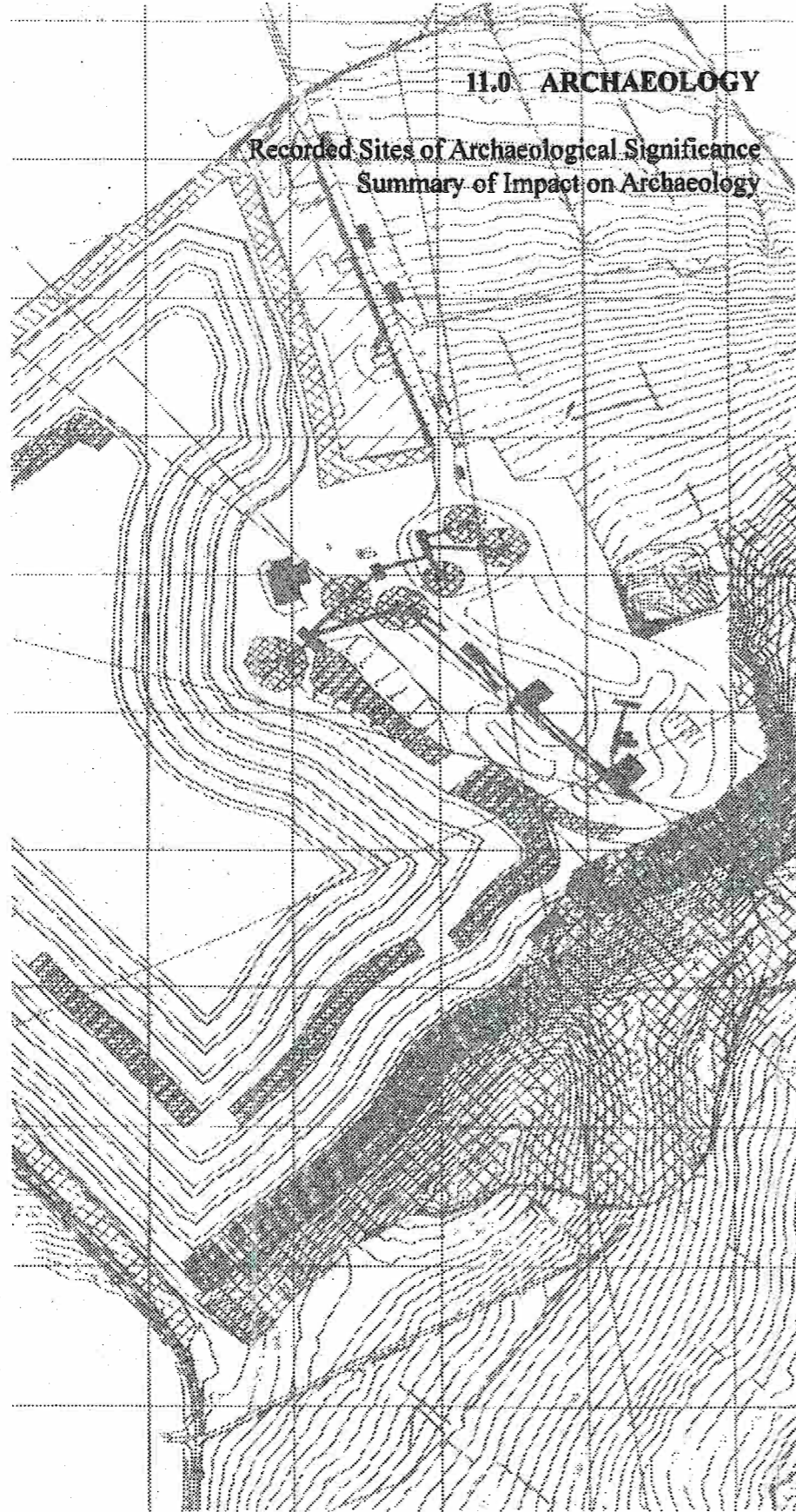


Appendix 11.3 EDAW Report

11.0 ARCHAEOLOGY

**Recorded Sites of Archaeological Significance
Summary of Impact on Archaeology**



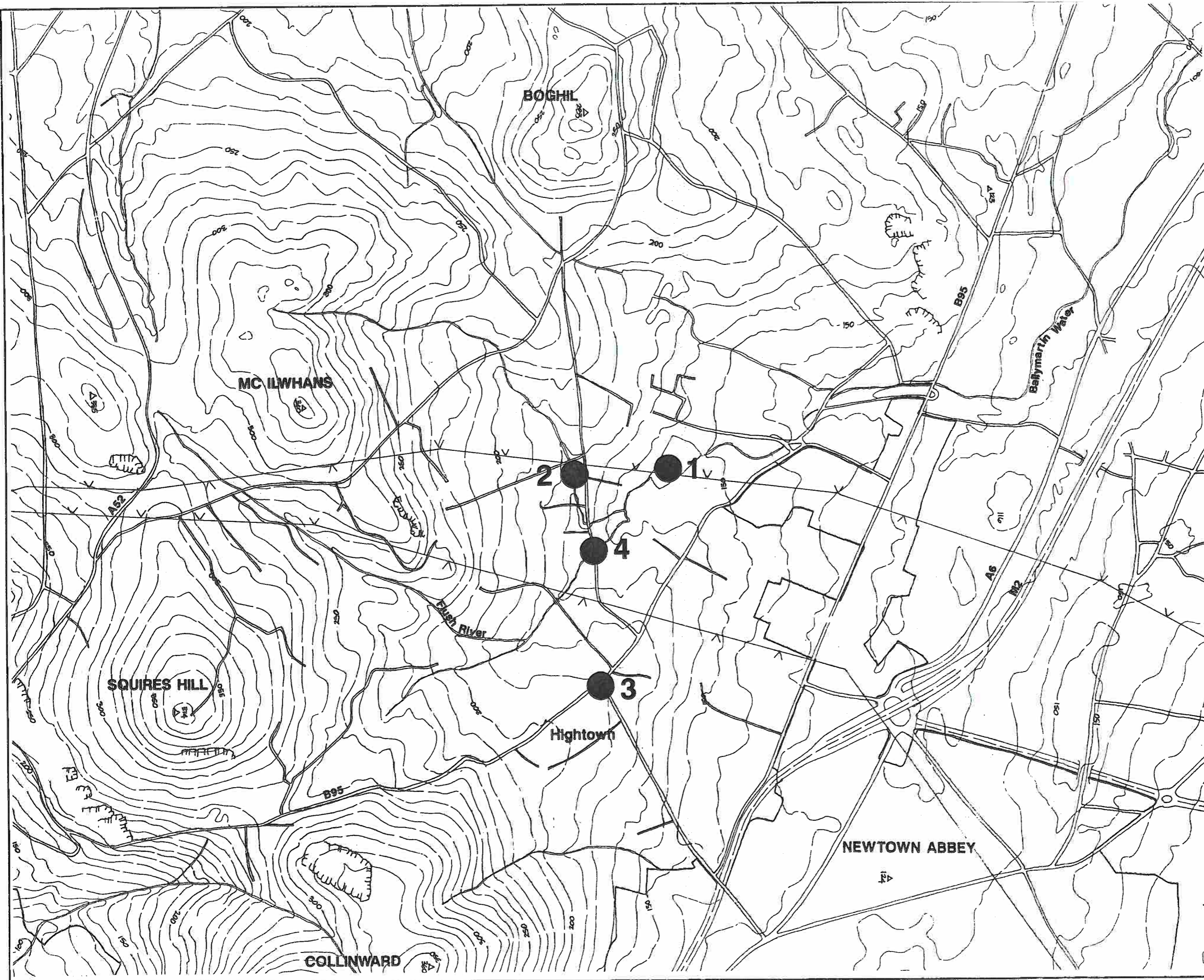
11.0 **ARCHAEOLOGY**

Recorded Sites of Archaeological Significance

- 11.1 There are no sites of archaeological significance within the proposed development site that are listed in the records at the Historic Monuments and Buildings Branch at the Department of the Environment. The search of these archaeological records identified four sites in the general vicinity of Hightown Quarry and the location of these is shown on Figure 36.
- 11.2 A crop mark or enclosure, Reference Number 56/69, is approximately 0.5 km from the boundary of the proposed development site and about 100 metres to the east of the access road to the quarry. The proposed operations will not affect this archaeological site.
- 11.3 Hydepark Dam, Reference Number 56/7301:3, is listed in the Archaeological Records, and is also known as Mallusk Dam. It is an industrial archaeological site and was previously owned by Michelin Ltd to supply water and lies approximately 1 km north of the site. Hydepark Dam is an artificial lake, managed for sport fishery, with the inflow being the Flush River and the outflow over the dam directed to Ballymartin Water and then on to Six Mile Water. The company's surface water management scheme detailed in Chapter 7.0, will ensure that there is no significant impact on the dam.
- 11.4 The third record is a grouping of three archaeological sites are recorded at Hightown Terrace, Reference Numbers 56/41, 56/42, 56/48. These three records are associated with a castle believed to have been located at Hightown and was described as ruinous in 1621 (Reeves, 1847). The exact site is unknown, however it is believed to be in the vicinity of Hightown Terrace due to documentary evidence (O'Laverty, 1880).
- 11.5 Reference Number 56/42 is the site of the tower house or castle.
- 11.6 Reference Numer 56/41 is the site of a medieval chapel; the Chapel of Westone, 1306, believed to be one of the chapels of Shankil and suggested to have been attached to the castle, referred to above.
- 11.7 Reference number 56/48 is known as an enclosure (site of) or a rath, south south-east of the castle (O'Laverty, 1880). There was no knowledge of this site however, in 1978.
- 11.8 These three sites (grouped as one site on Figure 36) do not have a specific locations on the map because their records are based on 19th Century antiquarian accounts.
- 11.9 The archaeological record for the fourth site was unavailable at the time the archaeological search was undertaken but could be an industrial or archaeological site. The site is Black's Bridge.

Summary of Impact on Archaeology

- 11.10 Based on the search conducted of the Historic Monuments and Buildings Branch Archaeological Records, the location of the proposed development, at distance from all four archaeological sites, does not appear to be a concern in terms of impact on the archaeology of the area.



KEY

- 1. REF 56/7301:3
HYDEPARK DAM
- 2. REF 56/69
CROP MARK
- 3. REF 56/48
ENCLOSURE
- REF 56/41
SITE OF MEDIEVAL CHAPEL
- REF 56/42
TOWERHOUSE / CASTLE
- 4. BLACKS BRIDGE



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